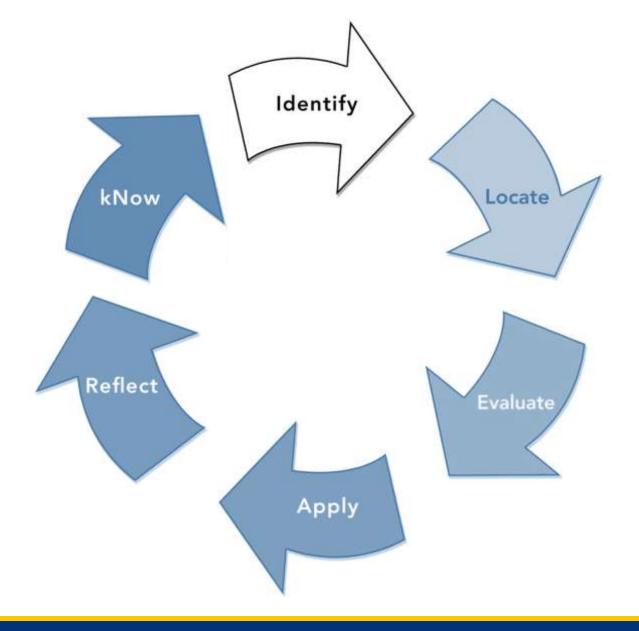
I-LEARN Information Literacy for Learners

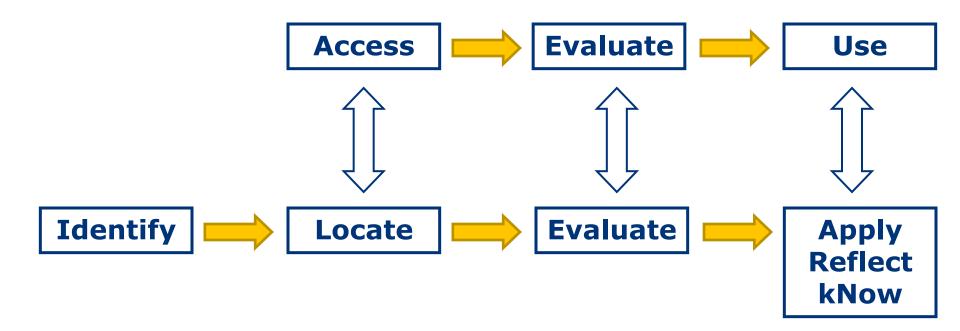
Delia Neuman, Ph.D.

Professor and Director, School Library Media Program

- A *learning* model that builds on the traditional information-literacy triad of access, evaluate, and use
- It expands that triad to include steps related specifically to learning
- Its importance is that it makes explicit the link between information literacy and learning



Information Literacy and the I-LEARN Model



Theoretical Background

- Information science/studies
 - T. D. Wilson (1981)
 - Michael Buckland (1991)
 - Gary Marchionini (1995)
- Instructional systems design
 - Robert Gagne (1965)
 - David Merrill (1983)
 - Robert Kozma (1991)
 - Anderson & Krathwohl (2001)

 Basic assumption comes from combining those two sets of theories:

Information itself is the basic building block for learning

• "Developing expertise in accessing, evaluating, and using information is the authentic learning modern education seeks to provide."

More About the Theory

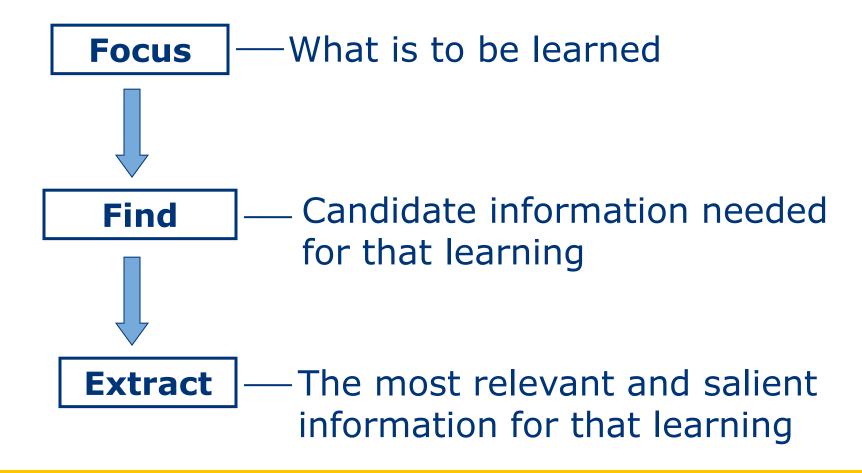
• "Constructing Knowledge in the 21st Century: I-LEARN and Using Information as a Learning Tool." *School Library Media Research*, *14* (2011). Online at the ALA/AASL website.

• Learning in Information-Rich Environments: I-LEARN and the Construction of Knowledge in the 21st Century (2011). Springer.

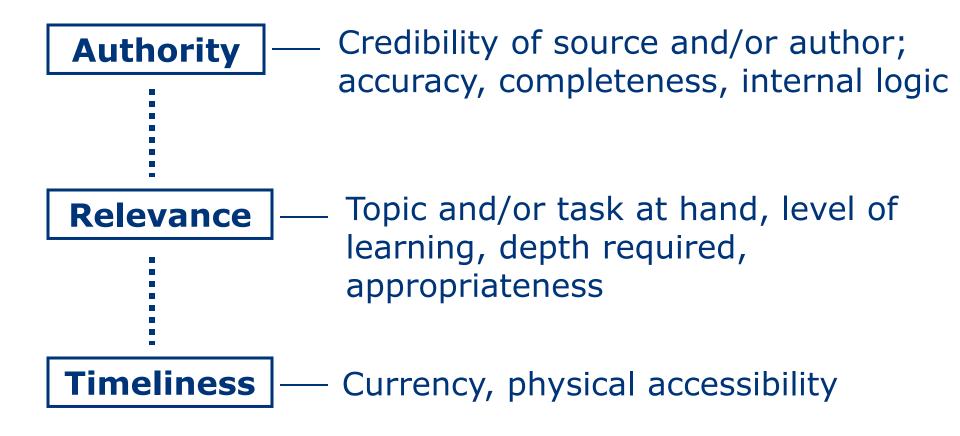
Identify

Activate — A sense of curiosity — The environment Scan **Formulate** — A question or problem

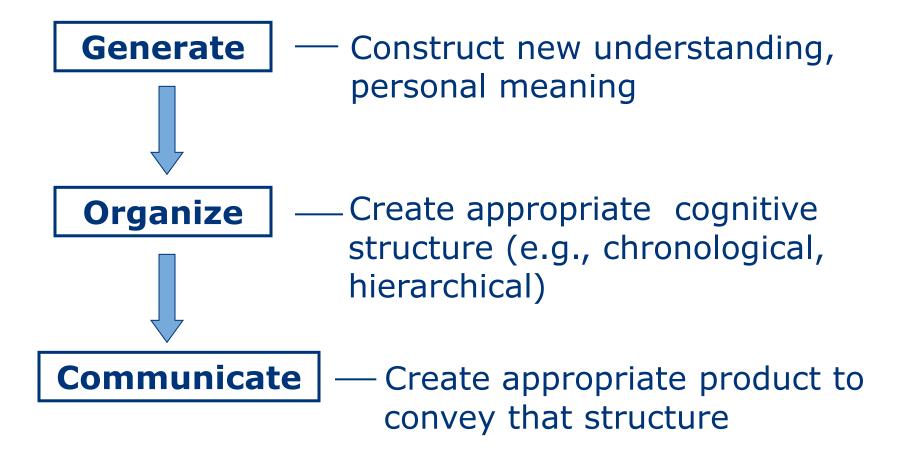
Locate



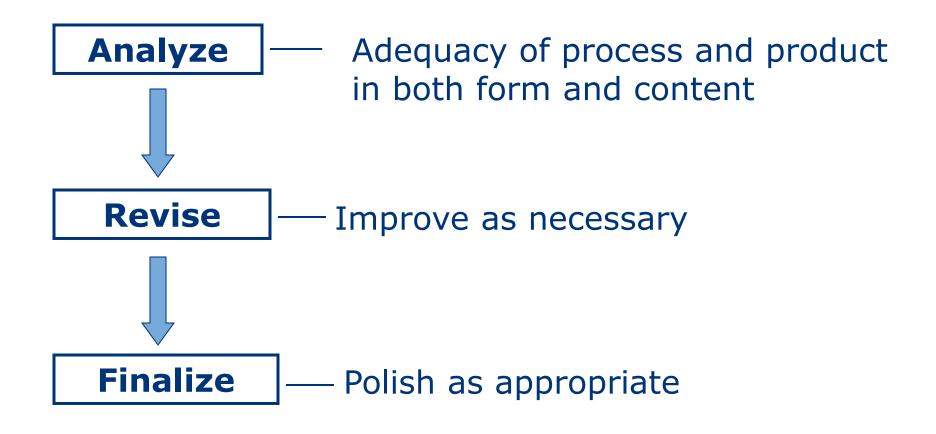
Evaluate



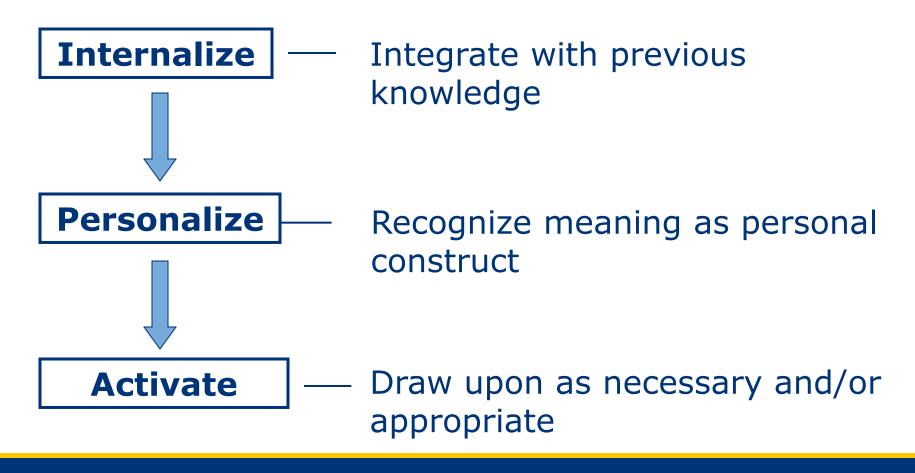
Apply



Reflect



kNow



Validating the Model

- Several attempts currently underway at elementary, secondary, and post-secondary venues
- Waiting to hear about a proposal to expand the elementary-level validation
- More than happy to speak with any of you about a validation effort in your own environment

Tesekkur ederim!